NOOS PROJECT SUMMARY: Multi Model Ensemble Prediction System

Date of revision: 26 August 2014

KEYWORDS: data exchange, multi model ensemble, ensemble prediction system, SST,

SSS, water transports, currents

Project title:		
NOOS Multi Model Ensemble Prediction System		
Project Aims	Several NOOS partners provide operational model forecasts for the North Sea area on a daily basis. A range of information and emergency response systems is based on the available forecasts. All these systems can benefit from a systematic combination of the variety of forecasts in a Multi Model Ensemble (MME).	
	 The project aims at providing a Multi Model Ensemble (MME) which shall serve two main purposes: The MME shall provide the basis for the development of uncertainty estimates for all forecast products. The MME system shall provide an estimate of the best overall forecast, i.e. have a reduced overall error compared to every single ensemble member. 	
	Exactly the same approach is applied in the Baltic Sea area based on model forecasts provided by several BOOS members. A close cooperation between this NOOS project and the BOOS counterpart will aimed at.	
Lead agency	Bundesamt für Seeschifffahrt und Hydrographie (BSH)	
Lead scientist	Federal Maritime and Hydrographic Agency	
	Frank Janssen, <u>frank.janssen@bsh.de</u>	
Participants	 BSH, Frank Janssen, Inga Golbeck, Xin Li, Stephan Dick DMI, Jacob Woge Nielsen, Vibeke Huess FCOO, Johan Söderkvist Met Office, Ed Blockley, Alistair Sellar Met.no, Bruce Hackett, Harald Engedahl MUMM, Sebastien Legrand, Jose Ozer 	
	 BOOS - Participants FMI, Simo-Matti Siiriä MSI, Priidik Lagemaa SMHI, Patrik Ljungemyr, Lars Axell 	
Present status: Ongoing	Project partners (BSH, DMI, FCOO, MetOffice, Met.no, MUMM) provide daily 48 h-forecasts of computed sea surface temperature (SST), – salinity (SSS) and – currents (SSC), based on different circulation models. The format of the input data to the MME is not fully standardised yet and a substantial amount of work is needed in reformatting the data to be used in the MME. The data are interpolated onto a common grid and ensemble products and uncertainty measures are produced. SSC are evaluated with progressive vector diagrams calculated of time series at the middle of NOOS transects. A MME of daily means of volume transport is also calculated. Figures showing the MME and first uncertainty estimates of each parameter are produced on a daily basis and displayed on the NOOS website. A trial version of MME and uncertainty measures exists for 2D surface fields of SSC.	

Project timescale	 Sept. 2012: Start of planning phase / Pre-operational phase Apr. 2013: Initialisation of MME 16. Aug. 2013: MME of SST, SSS (netCDF files) available on BSH ftp server Aug. 2013: Presentation of first results at Baltic Sea Science Conference, Klaipeda Sept. 2013: Presentation of first results at NOOS AM, Brussels Nov. 2013: Presentation at FutOOre2013, Hamburg 22. Jan. 2014: MME Figures available on NOOS / BOOS websites Apr. 2014: Presentation of results at MyOcean-2 AM, Athens May 2014: Presentation of results at EGU, Vienna Aug. 2014: Definition of NOOS project
Planned Developments and Activities (2014)	 Higher standardization of input data provided by NOOS partners. (This is urgently needed to make the MME sustainable when project funding is no longer available.) MME of sea bottom temperature and – salinity Implementation of weighted-average methods (i.e. Bayesian model averaging) Include sea ice and biogeochemical parameters
Link to project documents (password protected URL ??)	http://www.noos.cc/index.php?id=mme ftp://ftp.bsh.de/outgoing/opmodel/my_ocean/MME/