



NOOS working group on transports

On the computation of volume fluxes: some results and comments

Ozer, J. and S. Legrand

NOOS meeting, Hamburg, 7 March 2013



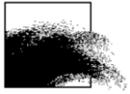
Structure

- **Background**
- **Description of the numerical experiments**
- **Analysis of the results**
- **Proposal for forecast exchanges in the future**

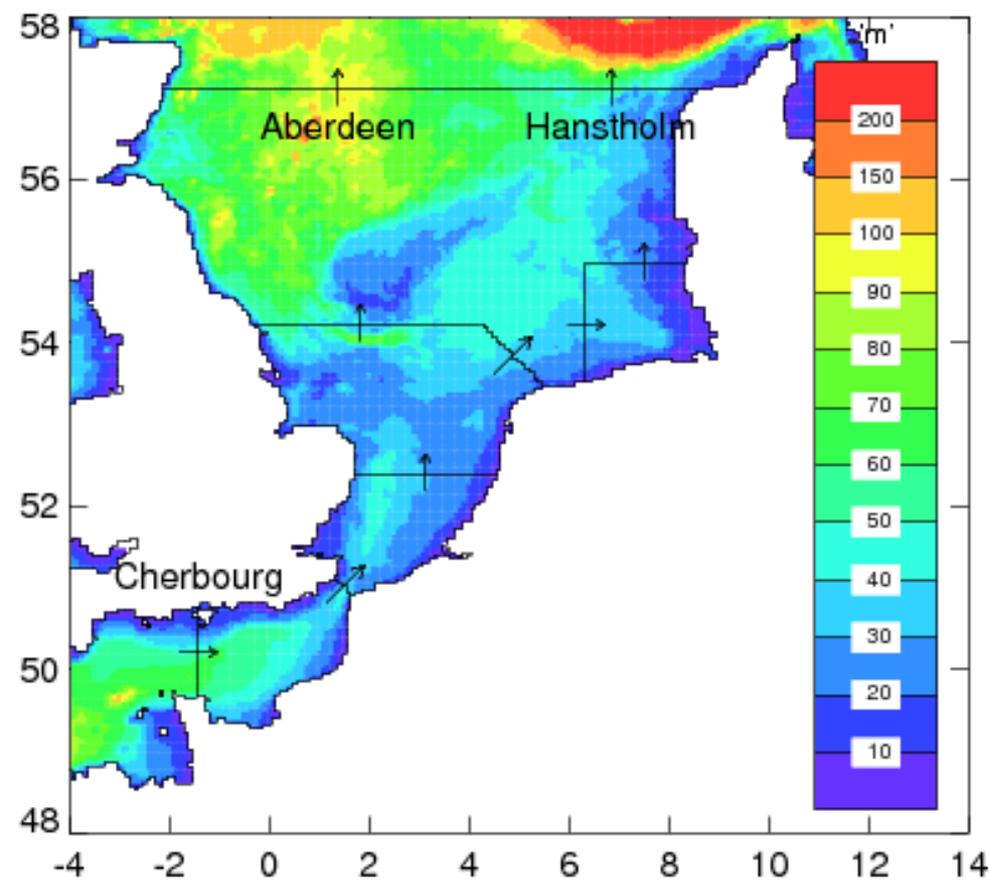


Background

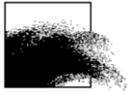
- Ozer, J., 2011. Model to model comparison of transports through North Sea transects. NOOS report.
- 3 models: Met.Office, BSH, MUMM.
- Year 2008, North Sea.
- Summary and conclusions:
 - “The use of **2 tidal averaged values** and the presence of some **gaps** ... do not really allow **checking long term balances** between inflows and outflows in the area.”
- () fter one year.
- Later: contribution of is constant over time and different for each section.



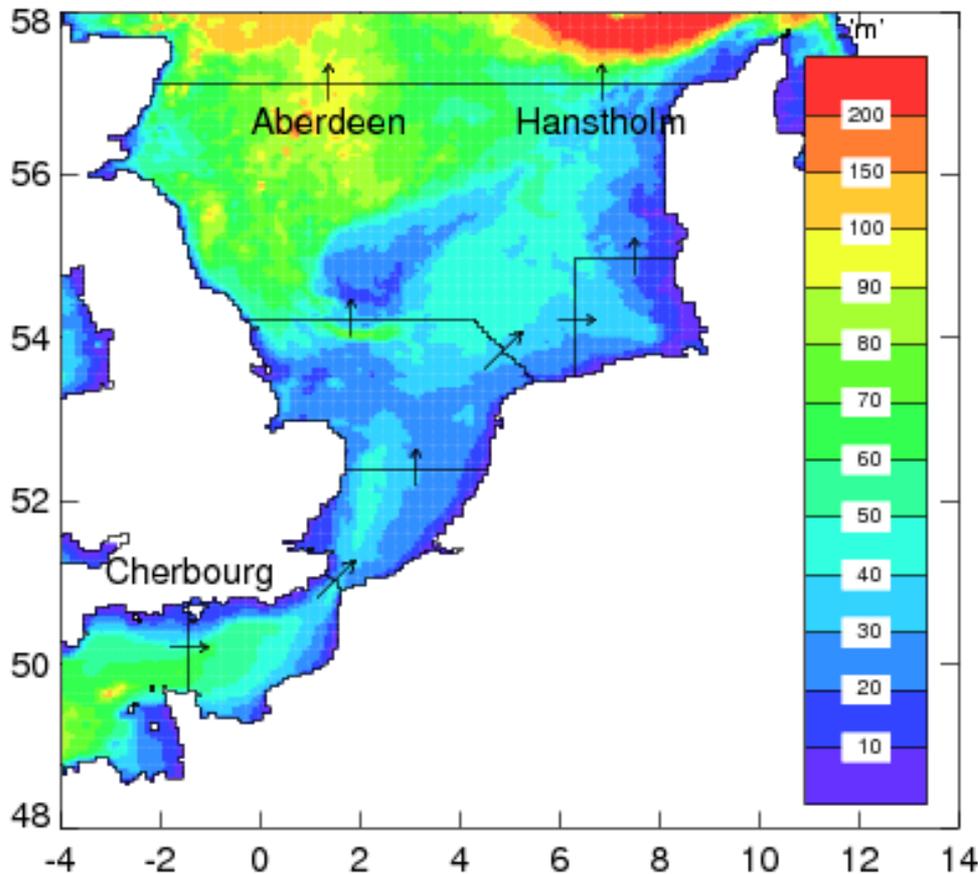
Numerical experiments: tool



- 2D Storm Surge Model.
- CSM area: -12.W 12E; 48N 62.5N.
- ADI scheme.
- Tides and surges (inverse barometric effect) along OB's.



Description of the numerical experiments



No atmospheric Forcing.

Exp#1: OBC: Only M2.

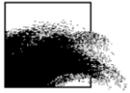
Exp#2: OBC: Only M2+S2.

Exp#3: OBC: 8 Tidal constituents (4 diurnal, 4 semi-diurnal).

2 years from sea at rest.

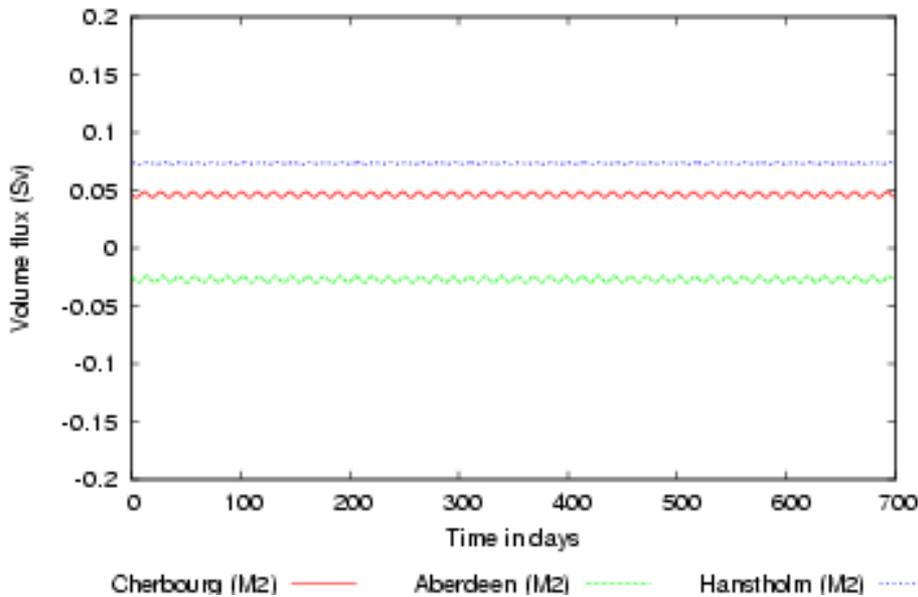
Time start: 1/1/1997.

Computation of mean volume fluxes starts on the 1st of February

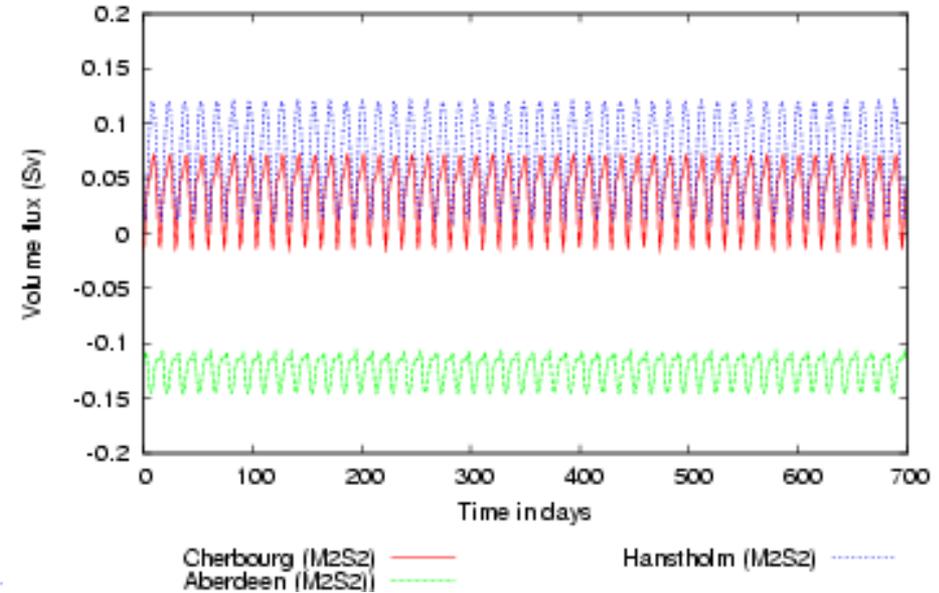


Volume fluxes averaged over 2M2 TC: M2(left), M2+S2(right)

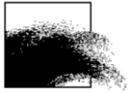
Exp#1: volume fluxes averaged over 2 M2 cycles



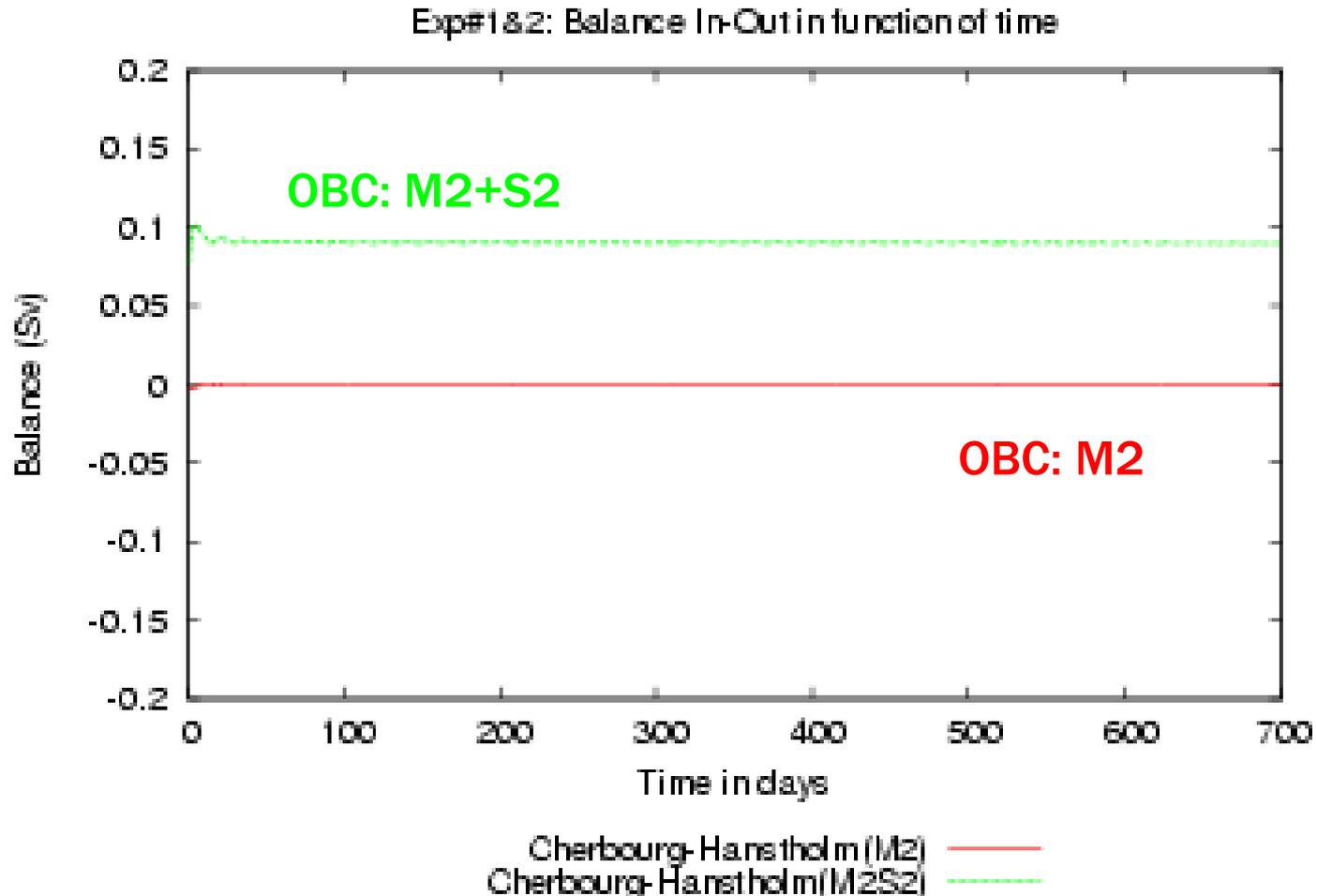
Exp#2: volume fluxes averaged over 2 M2 cycles



Cherbourg **Aberdeen** **Hanstholm**



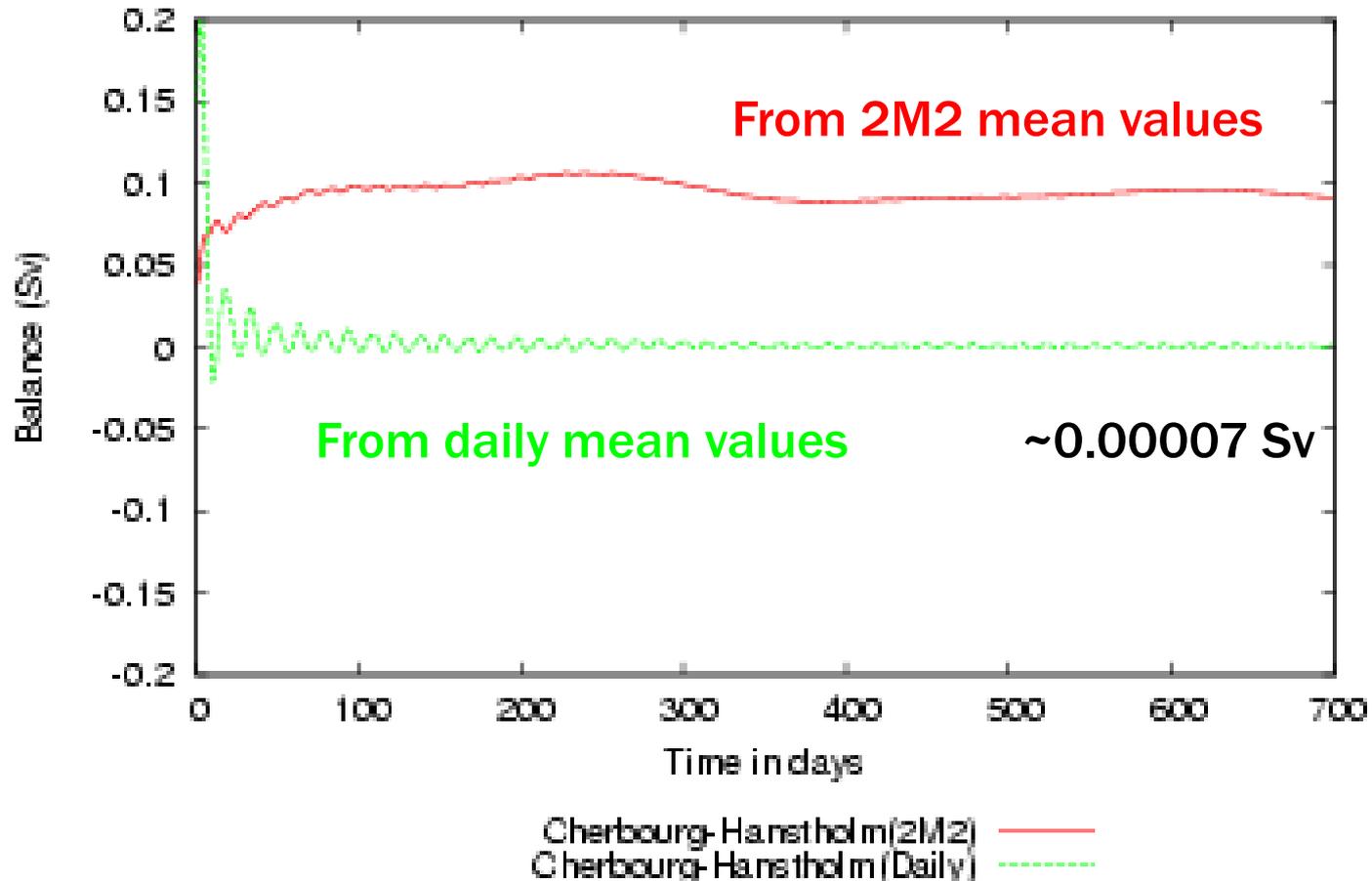
Balance In/Out based on 2M2 averaged volume fluxes

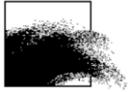




Balance In/Out from Exp. with 8 TC

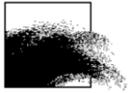
Exp#3: Balance In-Out in function of time



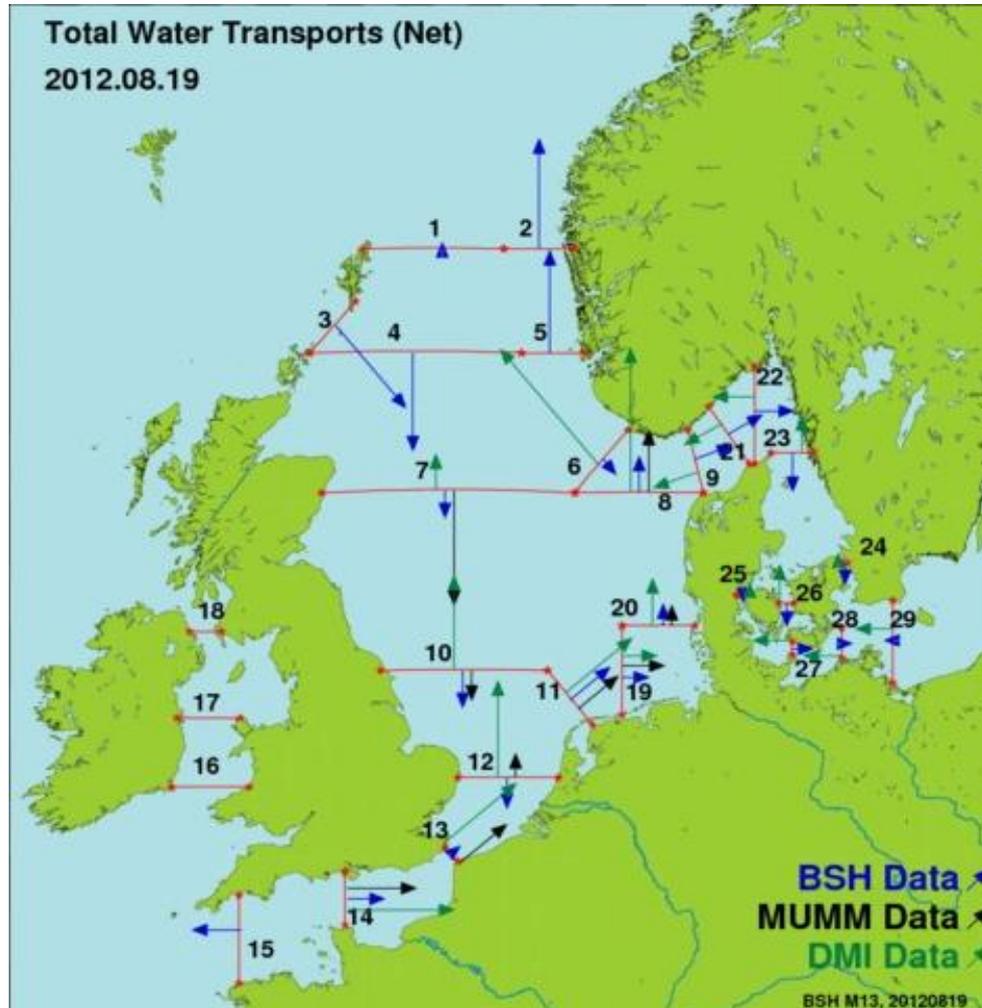


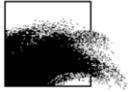
Recommendations (1)

- For volume balance verifications, either hourly or daily mean values should be preferred. I'm in favor of hourly mean.
- How many files should be provided?
 - One with hourly mean values;
 - two: hourly(daily) mean + 2M2 mean (Web site). Both could be necessary.
- What about the # of digits:
 - Maximum hourly value observed in Exp.#3 (T0) is of the order of 15 Sv (will be greater during strong wind periods).
 - To get a balance of the order of 10^{-5} Sv, mean hourly values should be given in Sv with at least a format like E15.8



Recommendations (2): closing the North Sea





On the computation of mean values

- Mean values must be computed during the model run at every (2D) time step.
- Mean values must be computed in accordance with the time stepping procedure used to solve the vertically integrated continuity equation.



Examples of appropriate computation of mean values

Explicit scheme

$$- \left(\quad \right) \left(\quad \right) \frac{(\quad)}{\quad} \text{---})$$

$$- \text{---} = - \quad)$$

"Implicit" scheme

$$- \left(\quad \right) \left(\quad \right) \frac{(\quad)}{\quad} \text{---})$$

$$- \text{---} = - \quad)$$

ADI scheme

$$- \left(\quad \right) \left(\quad \right) \frac{(\quad)}{\quad} - \frac{((\quad))}{\quad} \text{---})$$

$$- \overline{(\quad)} = - \quad - \quad) \text{---} = - \quad (\quad) (\quad)$$



Conclusions

- For proper balance computation:
 - **Hourly mean** values would be better than mean values over 2 M2 tidal cycles. They will allow separating the **tidal part** from the **wind driven part**.
 - Mean hourly values must be at **every (2D) time step**.
 - Mean hourly values must be computed according to the time-stepping procedure used to solve the vertically integrated continuity equation.
 - Mean hourly values should be given in **Sv** with a sufficient # of digits (E15.8 or even **E17.10**).
 - If the horizontal resolution of the model grid is sufficiently high, a **new transect** should be added to close the North Sea.
- For the Web site: today files remains necessary. (Doodson filter?)